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FAYETTEVILLE STREET,  
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The DAILY NEWS will be delivered to subscribers at FIFTY CENTS per week, payable to the editor weekly. Mailed at 7¢ per annum; \$3.50 for six months; \$2 for three months; \$1 for one month.

The WEEKLY NEWS at \$2 per annum.

The Raleigh Daily News.

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1873.

## LOCAL MATTER.

E. C. WOODSON, City Editor

## MORNING EDITION.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

GEORGE H. SNOW,

OF WAKE.

ELECTION 1ST THURSDAY IN AUGUST.

TICKETS—TICKETS!—We will furnish tickets for the election upon the Constitutional Amendments for FIFTY CENTS PER THOUSAND, the single ticket containing the words "for" or "against" the amendment. The cash must accompany the orders.

## LOCAL BRIEFS.

The Supreme Court adjourned yesterday.

W. F. Askew and family are at Algonquin Springs, Va.

Geo. Baker, Esq., of the Franklin Courier, honored our sanctum yesterday.

The various churches in the city were well attended on Sunday, although quite a number of our people went to Cary.

D. S. Hudgins, ticket agent and telegraph operator of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, recently wrote 695 words on a postal card. Each word was plainly and well written.

"We will bet our money on the bob-tail horse, who will bet on the bay?" We hear through our sporting medium that there will be a quarter race on the road near the old Fair Grounds to-day.

Two Senegambians indulged in a little fist-fight on Wilmington street near the market house yesterday, and fought it out on that line. No police to interfere, and the sport was fine.

We are glad to see that at last we have prevailed upon the proper authorities to make some arrangements for the cleansing of the streets and squares of the filth, &c. The hogs have all been turned loose to devour it. Good.

Peter E. Smith, Esq., of Scotland Neck, advertises, as agent for North Carolina and Virginia, those excellent Excelsior Cotton Gins. We direct the attention of farmers to the advertisement, which will be found in another column.

We saw yesterday on the street a dashing, showy new turn-out, in the shape of a lightning red wagon, with Capt. W. C. Parker, of this city, as the helmsman. He starts out in a day or two to Granville, Warren, and Mecklenburg, Va. We are glad to learn that he is leading all other agents in this business, and is said to be the right man in the right place as an agent.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.—On yesterday, previous to adjournment, the Supreme Court filed the following decisions:

By PEARSON, C. J.

John A. Gilmer, Esq., vs. Nancy McNairy, from Guilford. No error. Affirmed.

By READE, J.

James Jones vs. Milly M. Fortune et al., from Henderson. Error.

T. J. Jones vs. Com. of Bladen county, from Cumberland. No error. Affirmed.

By RODMAN, J.

State vs. B. S. Davis, from Northampton. Affirmed.

W. F. Lewis, Esq., vs. G. W. Johnston, Adm'r, from Pitt. Re-hearing refused.

Advisaries were taken in the following cases:

Board of Commissioners of Catawba county vs. George Setzer, from Catawba. George H. Page, to use, &c., vs. Daniel Carpenter, from Craven.

State vs. Rel. Howerton et al. vs. Tate et al., from Rowan.

State of North Carolina vs. the Richmond & Danville Railroad Company, from Wake.

W. H. Brother et al. vs. Commissioners of Currituck county et al., from Currituck.

C. F. Lowe et al. vs. Board of Commissioners of Davidson county, from Davidson.

Henry Reiger vs. Commissioners of the Town of Beaufort, from Carteret.

MAJOR'S COURT.—Stanford Cole, a member of the city police force, was brought before his Honor yesterday, charged with the theft of a pocket book and contents, the property of Coronet Magnin. The trial elicited a great deal of interest judging from the densely packed court room. Mr. Chas. M. Busbee appeared for the prosecution and Messrs. Jones & Jones for the defendant. Several witnesses examined and argument made by the counsel.

The Mayor was of the opinion that the evidence was sufficiently strong to authorize him in binding the policeman over to the Superior Court in the sum of \$200.

REV. BURWELL TEMPLE.—Our announcement of the demise of this aged and good man as taking place on Thursday was premature, being lead into the mistake by incorrect information. The sad occurrence did not transpire until Sunday. The remains will be interred at the family burial ground, seven miles east of this city. Friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend.

DISSOLUTION AND AUCTION.—See notice in another column of the dissolution of the firm of Primrose, Petty & Newson. They will on and after Thursday sell at public auction and private sale the remainder of the stock of goods on hand. Go there and get bargains.

## THE DAILY NEWS.

VOL. II.

RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 29 1873.

NO. 132.

THE VIENNA EXHIBITION—EXTRACTS FROM A LETTER BY COL. W. H. H. TUCKER FOR THE DAILY NEWS.—Since my last to you from Paris, in my opinion the Great City of the world, I have visited Geneva, Interlochen and Berne in Switzerland. The country here is beautiful and far beyond my powers of description. Its mountains, glaziers, vineyards, valleys, on whose plain roams flocks of sheep and herds, forms as history says it does, the grandest scene in the world. At Interlochen I saw the young Prince Napoleon, a lad of about eighteen summers, and in appearance tolerably good looking. He is spending the summer in Switzerland, being prevented at present from visiting France.

After visiting the great watch and jewelry manufactory, at Geneva, I took a "diligence," which is a large "bus," capable of seating about thirty people, and drove to the valley of Chamonix. Here I saw the top of the highest mountain in Europe, Mount Blanc, 15,840 feet high, and is surrounded by enormous glaziers and fields of snow. For miles around you can see snow-capped mountains. The scenery, composed of cascades, glaziers, immense rocks, steep precipices and lovely landscapes, is superbly grand.

On Sunday morning I went out early and saw the sun rise as bright as gold on its ice-chilled top. And as the glorious orb of day arose from the white couch of snow, and shed his mellown rays of light on the wide, wide world beyond, I felt almost enhanced, and stood in wonder and awe at the magnificent spectacle before me. Turning to the valley below, it appeared dark, and as just before the dawn of day, the earth was as a velvety green carpet spread out before me. I may never see the like again. Who, after viewing such a spectacle, could say there is no Creator—there is no God! You are aware that it is only occasionally that tourists have such a fine opportunity of seeing clear sunrise, as the summit of Mount Blanc is generally concealed by mist and clouds.

After spending about a week in this beautiful country of green valleys, fine scenery, and last of all, but not least, beautiful Swiss girls, and where wine is only 20 cents per bottle, I left for Vienna, which point I reached on the eve of July 2nd.

I forgot to mention that I spent two days, very pleasantly, in the old town of Munich, where is located the foundry of M. Miller, where skilled artists, from all countries, have cast their brazen monuments and statues.

VIENNA.—I find Vienna a second Paris as regards fashion, morals, style of living, its beauty, &c., &c.

It is a beautiful city, well laid out, elegantly built houses, beautiful gardens and everything to please the eye or gratify the appetite. The opera house is the largest and finest I have seen. The ballet dancing and rich costumes of the ballet girls are superior to those of Paris or anywhere else.

In regard to the exhibition and the buildings, I am at a loss to know where to begin and where to let off, for in an ordinary letter it is almost impossible to give even a faint idea. Every nation of the world is represented here, and the buildings are adequate. I have spent three days and have averaged a walk of eight or ten miles each day in the buildings, and have seen only a small part of what is here. It will require weeks to see all. Our country is the only one that is not well represented, and I must say, much to her discredit. I am almost ashamed of my own nationality here.

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the jury have passed upon most of the minerals, metals, &c., but may be induced to examine ours, if Prof. Kerr reaches here in a few days. Though I heard to-day that the exhibition would be continued many months.

Baron Schwartz, the principle manager of the exhibition, was paralyzed to-day at the soda fountain of Joseph G. Hester, formerly from Raleigh, N. C., who by the by, is doing a driving business in soda and other waters.

The exhibition buildings cover about a square mile of ground, with long rows of buildings for agricultural and mechanical implements, machinery, &c. The whole affair is on the grandest scale, and in my opinion no other country will ever surpass its arrangements.

There is one matter that strikes me forcibly, which is the great security to persons. The police regulations here are so good, and withal so strict, that one feels absolutely safe as to life when compared to other countries, particularly our own. I have less personal fear of my life here, though a stranger, than I would in many Northern cities.

Beer drinking is the national drink here, and the number of beer gardens is innumerable. Our old friend Frappa's establishment is "some" in its way and local, but is nowhere here. Everybody, the old, the young, the rich, the poor, male and female, drink beer here, and make it a business.

The Germans are as happy a people as can be under an Empire and an Emperor, but after all give me my country and my people.

I saw the other day Francis Joseph and the Empress, and the Queen of Prussia (old King William's wife.) I had the sight also of Madam Isabelle, ex-Queen of Spain. She is an old squab, and weighs about one ton.

I neglected to say that up to the present time but two Southern States are represented of here, viz: Alabama and Louisiana.

Our government appropriated about \$200,000 for this Fair, but I have looked in vain to find where the money had been spent and to what, and nearly all I can find is an old log house called "America," the head quarters of the Commission. I would not give more than \$75,000 for everything on exhibition by our government. It is too bad. I am under especial obligations to Gov. Caldwell for his commission as a representative of North Carolina, as it secures me many privileges and rights which I could not otherwise obtain.

The dinner gotten up by the Americans, on the 4th inst., was a very successful affair. The reception given by the Emperor, on the evening of the 4th, was also a splendid affair, of which I will write more hereafter.

THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

[By our Special Reporter.]

At 9 o'clock, Conference was opened with religious worship by Rev. Mr. A. B. Boshanier, of Henderson.

Much important business engaged the body during the morning session.

Reports were submitted on Sabbath schools, Temperance, Church Literature and Education. The North Carolina Advocate was heartily endorsed and highly gratifying and encouraging remarks upon its management were made by Rev. E. A. Yates, Rev. L. L. Hendren, Rev. R. H. Whittaker and Rev. A. W. Mangum. Pending the consideration of the Educational Report, the hour for service having arrived, the Conference adjourned till 3 o'clock p.m. to listen to an earnest evangelical discourse, by Rev. J. P. Moore, F. E. of the Hillsboro District.

At 3 p.m. the regular business was resumed, and enthusiastic interest aroused. On the subject of Greensboro Female College, addresses were delivered by Rev. L. L. Hendren and Rev. A. W. Mangum. Speeches were made on Trinity College by Rev. B. V. Cuthbert and Dr. Closs. Due reference was also made to Davenport Female College. A seminary for the education of girls, being about to open in the large, handsome building at Cary, approving notice was taken of the enterprise, and it was cordially commended to public patronage.

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# The Raleigh Daily News.

JORDAN STONE, Managing Editor.

SAM'L T. WILLIAMS, Political Editor.

TUESDAY JULY 25, 1873.

## THE ELECTION, AUGUST 7TH.

The election to be held in this State on the first Thursday in August, on the constitutional amendments, is one of vast importance to our people.

It involves vital changes in the organic law of the State.

For the information of voters, we publish on our fourth page, and shall keep standing until the day of election, the clauses in the Constitution proposed to be altered, together with the eight amendments that passed the Legislature by the requisite constitutional majority, and which are to be submitted to the people for approval or rejection, on Thursday, the seventh day of August next.

All the amendments proposed are necessary and important, and those who favor them should not fail to vote.

## THE MANNER OF VOTING.

Constant inquiries are made of us concerning the manner of voting at the ensuing election in August.

For the information of voters, we have prepared the following instructions:

## THERE MUST BE EIGHT BOXES.

There are eight amendments in all. As they are to be voted on separately, the poll-holders must have EIGHT BOXES for the ballots. Each box should be labeled with a written or printed form, specifying the particular amendment to be voted on in said box.

## THERE SHOULD BE EIGHT LABELS.

The following are the eight forms which should be labeled on the eight boxes, respectively:

Amendment to the Constitution of North Carolina in relation to the Public Debt.

## II.

Amendment to the Constitution of North Carolina in relation to the office of Superintendent of Public Works.

## III.

Amendment to the Constitution of North Carolina in relation to the State Census.

## IV.

Amendment to the Constitution of North Carolina in relation to exemption from taxation.

## V.

Amendment to the Constitution of North Carolina in relation to the Uni-versity.

## VI.

Amendment to the Constitution of North Carolina in relation to the Code Commissioners.

## VII.

Amendment to the Constitution of North Carolina in relation to Federal and other officers holding office.

## THE BALLOTS.

The ballots should be written or printed, either with the words "For Amendment" or the words "Against Amendment". Persons voting for the amendments should use the former, while those voting against the amendments the latter.

## THE POLLS.

Shriff must open the polls at the several election precincts in their respective counties on the seventh day of August, at eight o'clock in the morning and keep them open until seven o'clock in the afternoon.

## WHO MAY VOTE.

Every person qualified to vote according to the Constitution may vote for or against each amendment.

## RATIFICATION.

At the close of the polls, the judges of the election shall count out separately the number of votes cast for and against each amendment. After all the returns from each county have been officially counted, it will then be ascertained which of the amendments have been ratified, if any, and which rejected. The amendments which receive a majority of the popular vote of the State will be duly ratified and become a part of the Constitution of North Carolina. A part or all of them may be either ratified or rejected.

## BALTIMORE AND NORFOLK—A WARNING TO RALEIGH.

The destructive fires which have recently laid waste portions of Baltimore and Norfolk should serve as a warning to our citizens to put their houses in condition for a similar visitation.

When will our turn come?

Almost as surely as night follows the day, we may expect, before the lapse of many years, to witness the destruction of valuable property in our midst almost in the twinkling of an eye. That Raleigh has thus far escaped is due more to good fortune than to the precautions that have been taken to ward off the calamity of a general conflagration.

True, we have four fire companies, two white and two colored, composed of able-bodied and efficient members, but the city has no water works, and for this reason our fire department labors under great and very embarrassing disadvantages. While the members of the several fire companies have shown on various occasions their readiness and faithfulness to discharge their duties, yet, without the aid of a supply of water, their services are likely in many instances to be utterly unavailing to check the progress of the flames when a large fire is once fully under way. Consequently we may wake up any morning and find the principal streets of Raleigh in ashes.

It nothing will be done to protect the city by the establishment of water works, the only thing left our house-owners is to insure their property in some reliable fire companies or provide themselves with the Babcock fire extinguishers.

## STATE FAIR—VOORHEES COMPANY.

We have already announced through these columns that Hon. Daniel W. Voorhees, the gifted and eloquent Indianian, has consented to deliver the annual address at our next State Fair, in October. Mr. Voorhees has telegraphed to the Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society that he will be present and speak on Friday, October 17th, of the Fair week.

We think the Executive Committee has made an excellent selection for orator for the year 1873. Mr. Voorhees has a national reputation as one of the most eloquent speakers in this country—and his reputation is no doubt well deserved.

His efforts in Congress on the most important measures that came up for discussion in that body during his membership, display rhetorical ability of the highest order, and those who have heard him speak are enthusiastic in their admiration of his captivating manner and faultless elocution.

He is best known in the South by two speeches made by him in the State of Virginia, on widely different occasions, one in defense of John E. Cook, "the fair-haired, bright-eyed boy," whom John Brown led into trouble at Harper's Ferry, just before the war, and the other delivered before the two literary societies at the University of Virginia in 1868, we believe. Both of these efforts made a marked impression on the Southern mind, and stamped Mr. Voorhees as an orator in the very first rank.

The indications now are that the next Fair will be the most creditable in many respects the State has ever had. The new location which was selected with an eye to the public convenience; the new and handsome buildings now in course of construction; the energy and zeal displayed by the Executive Committee; the untiring efforts of President Holt in the interest of the Fair, and the liberal donations that have been made by some of our citizens in aid of the Agricultural Society, give us strong reasons to hope that the exhibition in October will be a highly gratifying success.

In this connection, it is but an act of justice to the Agricultural Journal of this city to state that that paper has been largely instrumental in awakening public interest in behalf of the next Fair.

## NO PARTY ISSUES.

No party issues are involved in the ensuing election.

Conservatives and Republicans voted together in favor of the eight amendments.

The changes proposed concern every tax-payer and every citizen of the State.

All who are interested in the welfare of the State are called upon to cast their votes in favor of remedying the defects in the organic law of the State.

Conservatives and Republicans are alike interested in having a wise and economical Constitution.

For once, the two parties in the State united together in the Legislature to remedy some of the defects which all acknowledge to exist under the present law.

Let the same spirit animate the voters on the seventh day of August next, and the amendments will be overwhelmingly ratified.

It will be a serious calamity to the State—all its citizens without distinction of party—if the amendments are defeated through carelessness or indifference.

Let there be a full vote and a rousing majority for all the amendments.

## THE EXCELSIOR COTTON GIN.

The best Gin in use, made in Macon, Ga., O. W. Massy—will not break the roll, will pick faster and cleaner than any other, is rat proof, and is warranted to do every respect. Send in your orders early, as the demand is very great. Apply to

PETER E. SMITH, Agent for North Carolina and Virginia.

I am prepared also to repair Gins of all kinds, and in every respect—at my shop in Scotland Neck, N. C.

July 28-1m

Nearly \$50,000,000 are expended by the people of Alabama every year for corn, meat, hay, &c.

**MARRIED.**  
SMITH—NALL—In Tuskegee, Alabama, July 7th, 1873, by Rev. Robert Nall, D. D., Mr. J. MacSmith, of Danville, Va., and Miss MATTHEW, young daughter of the officiating clergeman.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## N O T I C E .

The firm of PRIMROSE, PETTY & NEWSOM is dissolved on and after this date, and all persons indebted, will at once call and pay, and those having claims will present them for payment.

R. E. PETTY, J. D. NEWSOM, Members.

July 28th, 1873.

## A U C T I O N ! A U C T I O N !

The remainder of the stock of goods, of the late firm of Primrose, Petty & Newsom, not previously disposed of, will be sold at public auction, to be held at the office of T. R. L. TAYLOR, 31st inst., and will continue from day to day until all is disposed of.

R. E. PETTY, J. D. NEWSOM, Members.

July 29-1m

## TIME AND LABOR SAVED.

## E V E R Y P R E S S G U A R A N T E E D .

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The best Gin in use, made in Macon, Ga., O. W. Massy—will not break the roll, will pick faster and cleaner than any other, is rat proof, and is warranted to do every respect. Send in your orders early, as the demand is very great. Apply to

PETER E. SMITH, Agent for North Carolina and Virginia.

I am prepared also to repair Gins of all kinds, and in every respect—at my shop in Scotland Neck, N. C.

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# The Raleigh Daily News.

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1873.

## NORTH CAROLINA.

Tarboro is still scarce of fruit. Statesville four rams brickyards.

Tarboro claims to have 1,500 inhabitants.

Mr. Kenneth Ferguson died at Littleton on Saturday last.

Crops are said to be flourishing in Brunswick county.

A six foot alligator was recently killed at Morehead City.

There are now 72 orphans taken care of at the Asylum at Oxford.

The Fair of the Carolinas will begin on the 25th of November.

Portions of Iredell county are suffering from the effects of drought.

Enfield is progressing. A new granite factory has been erected there.

Enfield is now competing for the possession of the most curious egg exhibit.

Another new steamer is to be put on the line between Newbern and Baltimore.

Mr. O. G. Parsley, Jr., of Wilmington, has purchased one of Lorillard's steam yachts.

The Comet band of Statesville have silver instruments and are very proud thereof.

The Battleboro pic-nic came off on Thursday. A large crowd participated and the affair passed off very pleasantly.

Col. John O. Wallace, one of the oldest citizens of Cabarrus county, died on Thursday last of cerebro-spinal meningitis.

A kerosene lamp exploded in the American Hotel at Concord the other night, and the escape from a destructive conflagration was a narrow one.

The Supreme Court of Illinois has decided that a fire insurance company has not the right to cancel a policy when fire is approaching the insured property, or when danger of destruction is pending.

The case arose under the cancellation of a policy on cord-wood while forest fires were burning in the neighborhood.

A private letter received from San Antonio, says: "The feeling on the other side of the Rio Grande against the Americans is said by those who have lately returned thence to be one of bitter hatred, and a desire for revenge for the insult offered by Mackenzie per- vades certain classes."

The attempts to pack the next Ohio Legislature so as to send Secretary DeLano to the United States Senate are vigorously denounced by the Cincinnati Gazette (Adv.)

The Norfolk Journal has firm faith that Hon. John Goode will receive the Democratic nomination for Governor of Virginia.

The National Temperance Convention meets in Saratoga, N. Y., on the 26th prox.

A stock raiser near Austin, Texas, recently sold 134 head of cattle at \$150 a head.

George Lust, it is rumored, is to be the editor of a new comic paper in Boston.

Victor Emmanuel, it is reported, is to be excommunicated by the next encyclical of the Pope.

A handsome small pox hospital has been added to the architectural attractions of Chicago.

A negro boy named Harry Morse was drowned in Gillie's creek, near Richmond, Va., on Friday.

It is said that this country consumes about one-fourth of all the silk goods manufactured in Europe.

Says the Charlotte Observer:

"We learn that Mr. E. F. Morrison, Treasurer of the A. T. & O. R. R., under Col. Johnston's administration, has declined to turn over Iris books, papers, etc., to Col. S. A. Sharpe, who was elected Treasurer *pro tem* by the new Board of Directors, with instructions to make a demand of Mr. Morrison for said books and papers. Mr. Morrison holds that the new Board is without authority to make such demand upon him."

A SHOWER OF STRANGE REPTILES.—A gentleman from Ell River, in Sheboyne county, tells of a shower of reptiles which fell upon a meadow near that place, on the morning of the 3d inst., during a heavy rain and storm. The meadow, he says, was thickly strewed with the bodies of the strange creatures, none of which were discovered alive. They are described as about six inches long, having gills and fins like fish, but having also four legs each, about two inches long and terminating in claws, one person who saw them declared that like creatures exist only in the waters of Mexican lakes, from whence he supposed they might have been caught up in a water spout and been carried along by the wind until they were dropped on Mr. Upman's farm.

DANIEL WILSTROP'S RECEIPT FOR PUNCH.—A Boston correspondent of the New Orleans *Mercury*, says: "If the god-like Daniel cared nothing for riches, he did have a good punch, and he knew how to concoct a drink fit for gods. Some time before his death, he gave his life long friend, Major Brooks, of Boston, his benefaction and blessing, and left him, as the last earthly good he could bestow, the following receipt for what is now known here among the ecclesiastical as the Webster punch. It is composed of one bottle of pure old French brandy (smuggled direct preferred, one bottle sherry, one bottle champagne, one dozen lemons, one pint strong tea, sugar, strawberries and pine-apple to suit the taste, plenty of ice, no water." It is to be observed that no water enters into this composition."

An annual shower of frogs has occurred at Kansas City.

The Texas Democratic Convention meets at Austin Sept. 3rd.

The balance in the Virginia State Treasury on Saturday was \$987,351.91.

Rev. Dr. Newman says that Japan is the most beautiful country on the globe.

Theodore Tilton is writing a novel.

In the name of Dr. Simmons' Liver Rejuvenator, for Dr. D. and Dr. S. H. Hendon, and regard it as an invaluable remedy in these attacks. It has not failed to give relief in any instance.

Rev. W. F. EASTLING, Florida Conference.

## A New Motive Power.

Mr. William Wells, of Salem, has just perfected a apparatus for running stationary or locomotive engines by vapor power, which, if it fulfills all that is expected of it, will entirely revolutionize the method of running engines of every description. The new apparatus was set up a few days ago, and on Saturday afternoon it was put into practical operation, for the first time, in the presence of several gentlemen well versed in machinery and the application of power. The working of the engine was entirely satisfactory, and all present expressed themselves as highly pleased with the success of the invention, which had before been considered by all but the designer as an experiment.

The whole apparatus is very simple in construction, and the new power can be applied to any engine. The whole peculiarity in construction is in the boiler; the engine being entirely enclosed in the boiler, and the vapor being conveyed to the cylinder of the engine just the same as steam. The boiler is an upright one, and is really a double boiler; that is, it has two heads at each end, one a few inches from the other. The two chambers thus formed, one at each end of the boiler, are filled with water, and are connected by tubes, which are for the circulation of the water between the two chambers. The second or inner boiler, that between the two inner heads, is filled with a preparation of bisulphide of carbon, the vapor from which is the motive power taking the place of steam. Beneath the boiler is a small firebox, from which flues run up through the two boilers to the smokepipe. These flues pass inside of the tubes already mentioned, and the fire, in passing through, heats the chemicals. By this arrangement it will be seen that the bisulphide in the inner boiler receives the requisite amount of heat without coming in direct contact with the fire flues, as the water is kept in circulation through the tubes.

TYRANNY IN GERMANY.—The press of Germany under the Bismarck regime is in a sorry plight, which is only tolerable in view of the hoped-for early going out of power of that celebrated man. The position of the responsible editor of Prussian newspaper has become so dangerous that some ignorant and hardy fellow, to whom imperial bread and water would be no great privation, is paid to act as a dummy and stand the penalties. The *Deutsche Freie Zeitung* of Berlin has announced that its responsible director is licensed street reporter No. 107. No. 107, while acting as responsible editor of *Freie Zeitung*, continues his occupation of carrying boxes and messages, unless when interrupted by a summons to court.

The Supreme Court of Illinois has decided that a fire insurance company has not the right to cancel a policy when fire is approaching the insured property, or when danger of destruction is pending.

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Rev. W. F. EASTLING, Florida Conference.

## COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

### WHOLESALE PRICES.

DAILY NEWS OFFICE, July 28, 1873.

#### REMARKS.

The market continues dull. No trade of any consequence in this branch is going on. The alterations in the produce market are given below.

#### COTTON.

Buyers are few and but little offering. Receipts light yesterday. Ordinary 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; good ordinary 13; low middling 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ .

#### General Market.

SALT—Firm at \$3 0000 10.

BUTTER—Good to choice mountain

30c $\frac{1}{2}$ .

BEEF—30c $\frac{1}{2}$ .

BACON AND BACON, C. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Bright C. Yellow, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Extra C. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Old C. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Old N. E. Rum.

Madalena Imported Wine.

Oporto " "

Sauterne " "

We have a large stock of the above mentioned liquors on hand, and as we are about to close our Liquor Trade, we will sell cheap for cash.

50c $\frac{1}{2}$  G. T. STRONACH & BROS.

#### C A R M E R S

#### Carolina Baking Powders

You should use the "Carolina Baking Powders" because there is no other that gives such satisfaction. It makes charming

Bread, Delicious Rolls, Cakes, Biscuits,

Waffles, Corn Bread, Griddle Cakes

Pastry and Cakes of every

Variety. For making

Buckwheat Cakes

it has no rival.

Those that have tried it, say it is the

VERY BEST. Feeling considerably

alarmed at the increasing demand where

prices are now

on the market, that I shall in future manu-

facture it on a much greater scale.

It is the only Baking Powder manu-

facture that I guarantee to give

as much satisfaction as any other.

Manufactured by

J. R. H. CARMER, Drugist,

No. 11, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

jan 27-1873.

#### PROPOSALS.

#### PROPOSALS FOR WOOD & COAL.

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE, Raleigh, N. C., July 11, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in triplicate,

with a copy of this advertisement annexed to each, are invited and will be received at

my office until 12 o'clock, M.

PROPOSALS FOR EXCAVATIONS

FOR THE UNITED STATES COURT

COURT HOUSE AND POSTOFFICE,

AT RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT

U. S. COURT HOUSE & POSTOFFICE,

RALEIGH, N. C., July 12, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on the 15th instant, for excavating and removing 3300 cubic yards, more or less, of earth (or earth for the site of the United States Court House and Post Office) and for removing all stones, trees, stumps, and other materials for foundations, drains, etc., of the United States Court House and Post Office at Raleigh, N. C.

The dimensions and the depth of the excavation will be obtained on application at this office.

Proposals will be made by the cubic yard, which must include the foundation

and the whole excavation must be completed within six weeks from date of acceptance of the contract.

Proposals must be made at this office, and must be accompanied by a penal bond in the sum of \$500, to be given

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

In order that the people may vote understandingly on the amendments to the Constitution, at the ensuing election, we deem it necessary to give in full the eight clauses in that instrument proposed to be altered, together with the alterations themselves.

FIRST: IN RELATION TO THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The present Constitution in Article I, Declaration of Rights, provides as follows:

"Sec. 6. To maintain the honor and good faith of the State unshaken, the public debt, regularly contracted before and since the rebellion, shall be regarded as inviolable and never be questioned; but the State shall never assume or pay, or authorize the collection of any debt or obligation, express or implied, incurred in aid of insurrection, or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave."

This section is amended by striking out the first clause down to and including the word "but," so that the amended clause in Article I will then read:

"Sec. 6. The State shall never assume or pay, or authorize the collection of, any debt or obligation, express or implied, incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave."

Another alteration in regard to the public debt is provided for in the same amendment, by striking out section 4, Article V of the present Constitution, which is as follows:

"Sec. 4. The General Assembly shall, by appropriate legislation and by adequate taxation, provide for the prompt and regular payment of the interest on the public debt, and after the year 1880, it shall lay a specific annual tax upon the real and personal property of the State, and the sum thus realized shall be set apart as a sinking fund, to be devoted to the payment of the public debt."

So that the above section will be entirely stricken out and the amended Constitution will not make it compulsory on the Legislature, by express language, to provide for the payment of interest and principal of the public debt.

SECOND: IN RELATION TO THE OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Article III, section 1, of the present Constitution names among the other officers of which the Executive Department shall be composed, a Superintendent of Public Works, who shall be elected for a term of four years by the qualified voters of the State, at the same time and places, and in the same manner as members of the General Assembly.

This amendment also strikes out the word "annually" in section 6, Article III, and inserts the word "biennially," in reference to the requirement of the Governor to communicate to the General Assembly each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon.

SEVENTH: IN RELATION TO THE CODE COMMISSION.

The present Constitution, Article IV, Judicial Department, makes the following provisions concerning the Code Commissioners:

"Sec. 2. Three Commissioners shall be appointed by this Convention to report to the General Assembly at its first session after this Constitution shall be adopted by the people, rules of practice and procedure in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing section, and the Convention shall provide for the Commissioners a reasonable compensation."

Sec. 3. The same Commissioners shall also report to the General Assembly as soon as practicable, a code of law of North Carolina. The Governor shall have power to fill all vacancies occurring in this commission."

The amendment proposes to strike out both these sections, thus abolishing the Code Commission.

EIGHTH: IN RELATION TO FEDERAL AND OTHER OFFICE-HOLDERS.

The present Constitution, Article XIV, provides as follows:

"Sec. 7. No person shall hold more than one lucrative office under the State at the same time: *Provided*, That officers in the Militia, Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of Public Charities and Commissioners appointed for special purposes, shall not be considered officers within the meaning of this section."

"Sec. 5. The said Senate Districts shall be so altered by the General Assembly at the first session after the return of every enumeration taken as aforesaid, or by order of Congress, that each Senate District shall contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of inhabitants, excluding aliens and Indians not taxed, and shall remain unaltered until the return of another enumeration, and shall at all times consist of contiguous territory; and no county shall be divided in the formation of a Senate District, unless such county shall be equitably entitled to two or more Senators."

The amendment proposed to this Article is to strike out all that precedes the words, "the said Senate Districts," in section 5, and to strike out the phrase "as aforesaid, or," the parts so stricken out relating to the census, so that the section as amended will read:

"Sec. 5. The said Senate Districts shall contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of inhabitants, excluding aliens and Indians not taxed, and shall remain unaltered until the return of another enumeration, and shall at all times consist of contiguous territory; and no county shall be divided in the formation of a Senate District, unless such county shall be equitably entitled to two or more Senators."

The object of this amendment is to do away with the unnecessary expense of taking a State census under the direction of the General Assembly, inasmuch as the same work is done by the national Government.

FOURTH: IN RELATION TO EXEMPTIONS FROM TAXATION.

The present Constitution, Article V, Revenue and Taxation, provides as follows:

"Sec. 6. Property belonging to the State, or to municipal corporations, shall be exempt from taxation. The General Assembly may exempt cemeteries, and property held for educational, scientific, literary, charitable, or religious purposes; also wearing apparel, arms for master, household and kitchen furniture, the mechanical and agricultural implements for mechanics and farmers, libraries and scientific instruments, to a value not exceeding three hundred dollars."

The amendment proposed to change this section by inserting after the word "instruments," the words "or any other

personal property," so that the section as amended will read:

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FIFTH: IN RELATION TO THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The present Constitution, Article IX, Declaration of Rights, provides as follows:

"Sec. 5. The University of North Carolina, with its lands, emoluments and franchises, is under the control of the State, and shall be held to an inseparable connection with the free public school system of the State."

The amendment proposes to strike out this section entirely, thus severing the University from the common school system, and insert the following in lieu thereof, so that the amended Constitution shall read:

"Sec. 5. The General Assembly shall have power to provide for the election of trustees of the University of North Carolina, in whom whom chosen shall be vested all the privileges, rights, franchises and endowments heretofore in any way granted to or conferred upon the trustees of said University; and the General Assembly may make such provisions, laws and regulations, from time to time as may be necessary and expedient for the maintenance and management of said University."

The following sections of Article IX, relating to the University, are also stricken out:

Sections 13, 14 and 15, relating to the appointment of trustees by the Board of Education, and the officers powers and rights of the trustees. These matters will hereafter devolve on the Legislature, if the amendment relating to the University is ratified.

SIXTH: IN RELATION TO THE SESSIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The present Constitution, Article II, Legislative Department, provides as follows:

"Sec. 2. The Senate and House of Representatives shall meet annually on the third Monday in November, and when assembled shall be denominated the General Assembly."

This section is to be amended by striking out the word "annually," and inserting in lieu thereof the word "biennially," so that the section amended shall read:

"Sec. 2. The Senate and House of Representatives shall meet biennially on the third Monday in November, and when assembled shall be denominated the General Assembly."

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The amendment proposed to this section shall read as follows:

"Sec. 7. No person shall hold any office or place of trust or profit under the United States, or any department thereof, or under this State or any other State or Government, shall hold or exercise any other office or place of trust or profit, under the authority of this State, or be eligible to a seat in either House of the General Assembly: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall extend to officers in the Militia, Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of Public Charities or Commissioners for special purposes."

"Sec. 5. The said Senate Districts shall be so altered by the General Assembly at the first session after the return of every enumeration taken by order of Congress, that each Senate District shall contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of inhabitants, excluding aliens and Indians not taxed, and shall remain unaltered until the return of another enumeration, and shall at all times consist of contiguous territory; and no county shall be divided in the formation of a Senate District, unless such county shall be equitably entitled to two or more Senators."

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A C A R D

Persons living in this State, owning lands or interest in lands in the State of Texas, would do well to correspond with the undermentioned, who have a reliable record in the latter State, as the Statute of Limitation may soon operate as a bar.

GEO. H. SNOW,  
Attorney at Law.

S I O N H . R O G E R S ,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Office on Fayetteville Street, two half

squares South of Yarboro House, Haywood's old office.

Practices in the Federal and State Courts.

may 24-3m

R. C. BADGER T. P. DEVEREUX

BADGER & DEVEREUX

SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY,

Office in Strach Building, Second floor

North of Yarborough House,

R A L E I G H , N. C.

Will attend to all cases of Bankruptcy.

Mr. Badger will attend all the terms of the

District Courts.

No extra fee charged for consultation.

May 7-12m

Sentinel and Era copy.

E D . W . P O U .

Attorney at Law,

R A L E I G H , N. C.

Practices in all the Courts in the City of

Raleigh. Pay special attention to Petitions

in Bankruptcy.

Office on Fayetteville Street, Up Stairs,

next door above W. C. Stronach.

May 24-3m

H . C U L L O M ,

Attorney at Law,

S M I T H F I E L D , N. C.

Practices in the Superior Courts of John-

ston, Wayne, Halifax, Warren and

and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme

Court of North Carolina.

Collections made in any part of the

april 3-14m

WALTER CLARK J. M. MULLEN.

C L A R K & M U L L E N ,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

H A L I F A X , N. C.

Practice in all the Courts of Halifax

Northampton and Edgecombe counties

and in the Federal Courts.

Collections made in all parts of North

Carolina.

J. B. B A T C H E L O R . L. C. E D W A R D .

W. PLUMMER B A T C H E L O R .

B A T C H E L O R . E D W A R D S A N D S

B A T C H E L O R ,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

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Wake, Franklin, Warren, Halifax and

and adjoining counties.

Collections attended to in all parts of the

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May 24-3m

B. H. B U N N , S A M ' L . W I L L I A M S ,

B U N N & W I L L I A M S ,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

R O C K Y M O U N T , N. C.

Corner Water and Commerce Streets.

N o r f o l k , V a .

AGENTS FOR

P A T A P S C O GUANO COMPANY.

may 25-1f

M E A T , M E A T , M E A T .

R A L E I G H , N. C.

20 Boxes clear rib Bulk Sides.

50 Boxes rib bulk sides.

50 Boxes prime bacon shoulders,

Arriving this day.

W